HEALTHY BULDINGS

SA+P MIT SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE AND PLANNING **CENTER FOR REAL ESTATE**







The Financial Impacts of Healthy Buildings

Rental Prices and Market Dynamics in Commercial Office Markets

Researchers



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their respective websites.





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introduction



With the rise of COVID-19, a large proportion of global offices cannot return to work. Businesses at every level must strategize on restarting our daily normalcy, and more importantly, how to provide a safe, healthy space for all of us to occupy.



Healthy Buildings are seen as the next level of Green Buildings - an emphasis not only on green building practices, but also integrates health, wellness, and human experience in buildings.



With 90% of Americans spending their time indoors, our indoor built environment represents a crucial opportunity to enhance factors that impact our health.

Health does not stop at the hospital, it starts in our homes, our work, and in our everyday life. While this holistic approach to real estate has been implemented in a wide range of design strategies and certifications, not much has been done in exploring the financial impacts.

This project takes a first steps towards understanding the financial and economic impact of Healthy Buildings on achieving asset level parity and perhaps outstanding performance in key US markets.



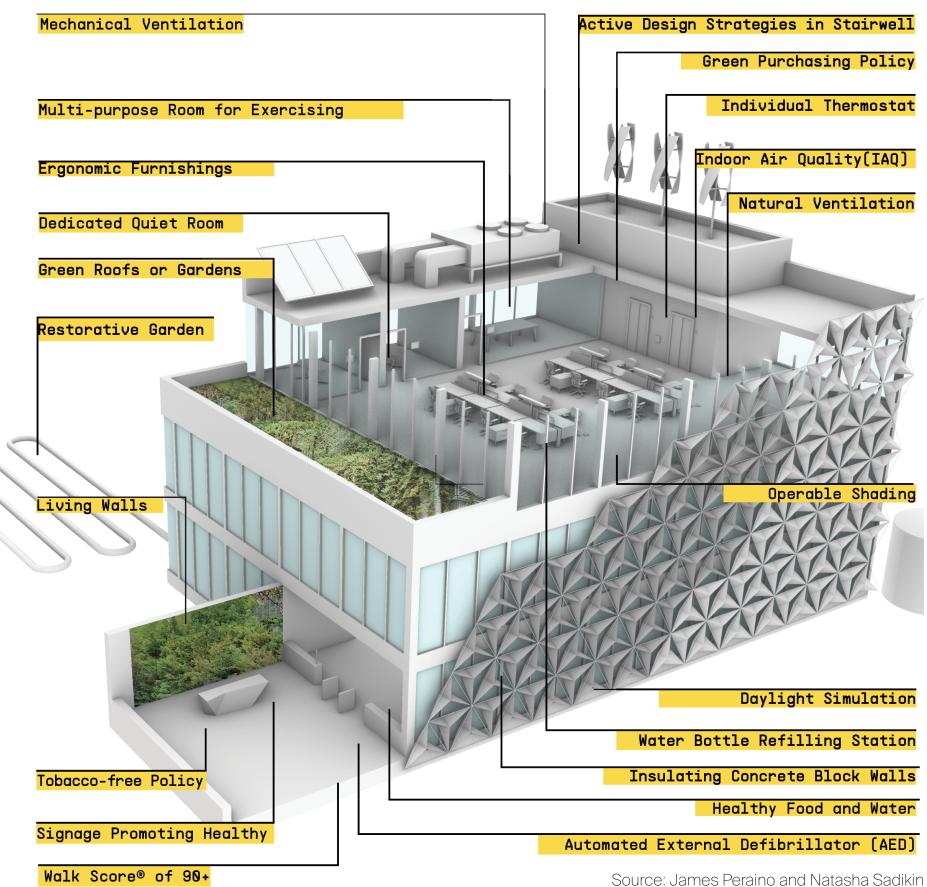
An emphasis on happy s, employees through nt providing healthier buildings can positively influence thinking, productivity, behavior, and health well being.

what is a healthy building?

A healthy building is a space that supports the physical, psychological, and social health and well-being of people.

Healthy building can be seen as the next generation of Green Buildings that not only includes environmentally responsible and resource-efficient building concepts, but also integrates "health, wellness, and human experience in buildings."

Source: The World Health Organization (WHO)



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Surce. James Peraino and Natasha Sadikin

fitwel vs well standard

comparison as of 2020

For asset-level certification, Fitwel Standard and WELL Building Standard are most common in the United States.

Since their initial start in the mid-2010s, over 755 projects have registered with WELL and Fitwel in 65 countries worldwide.

WELL US Certified Projects: 140WELL US Registered Projects: 344WELL World Certified Projects: 185WELL World Registered Projects: 3753

Fitwel US Certified Projects: 120 Fitwel US Registered Projects: 170 Fitwel World Certified Projects: 310 Fitwel World Registered Projects: 1230

	WELL	
Description	Well Building Standard is modeled closely to LEED, but focused exclusively on impacts to human health and wellbeing.	Fitw inte buil with
Project Types	 WELL Certification WELL Core WELL Community Standard 	
Certification Level	Silver Gold Premium	
Registration & Certification Cost	Registration fees range from \$1,500 to \$10,000 depending on the size and type of the project.	\$!
3rd Party Certified	Yes	
Prerequisites	Project must meet all preconditions for any certification level	
Recertification	Every 3 years	
Verification	Documentation, on-site assessment, and performance testing	

FITWEL

wel was designed for commercial teriors, multi-tenant, and single-tenant uildings and encourages certification thout engaging a consultant.

- Multi-Tenant Base Building
- Multi-Tenant Whole Building
- Single-Tenant Building
- Commercial Interior Space
- Multi-Family Residential
 - 1 Star 2 - Star
 - 3 Star

500 project registration and \$6,000 certification cost per project.

Yes

None

Every 3 years

Documentation

What could a positive, negative or equal effective rents between certified and noncertified spaces mean?

If building owners perceive healthy buildings as equal to other assets, this suggests that tenants do not ascribe economic value to occupying health certified space, or at least are not willing to adjust their rent in light of a certification.

If building owners perceive • healthy buildings as negative, this would suggest that the spaces do not provide the benefits promised by the certification.

If building owners perceive • healthy buildings as positive, this would suggest that tenants see value in occupying healthy space and preserving their employees health and will pay a premium to do so.

The Financial Impacts of **Healthy Buildings**

Healthy Buildings poses an interesting financial puzzle - are they seen as equal asset types, a delivery failure, or the key to a healthy employee or tenant?

NO VALUE (EQUIVALENT) Result: equal

DELIVERY FAILURE (DOWNSIDE) Result: negative



Healthy Buildings are seen as a nondifferentiator in the marketplace.



Healthy Buildings are not delivering what they promised.



HEALTHY EMPLOYEE (UPSIDE) Result: positive



Healthy Buildings are seen as an asset that improve employee or tenant well being and productivity.

how we identify that a contract is healthy

Identification strategy: healthy

We identify that a contract as healthy if they are fitwel or well registered, and occurs after the earliest certification date in that market.

Our identification strategy is seeking a rigorous matching strategy for time and location of the healthy building experience.

- 1. Collect publicly available addresses from WELL and Fitwel which results in [755] office projects spanning the United States.
- 2. From here, we identify the top 10 healthy-building cities, resulting in [407] projects spanning Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Denver, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, and Washington D.C.





Healthy Building

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matching to financial information

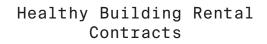
Identification strategy

We identify healthy building contracts and pair them with non-healthy building contracts.

Our identification strategy is seeking a rigorous matching strategy for time and location of the healthy building experience.

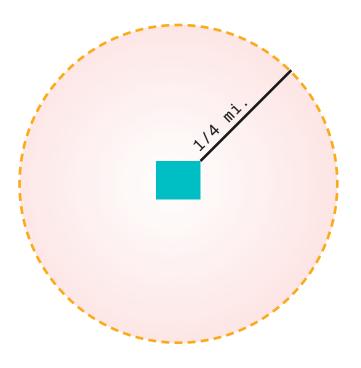
- 3. We then extract CompStak rental contract data points in each of the ten cities from the earliest certification date, resulting in [45,733] data points.
- 4. To investigate the impact of healthy buildings, we match each of these certified buildings to nearby commercial buildings in the same market to ensure neighborhood quality controls, similar to Kok et al., (2010)'s Doing Well by Doing Good.
- 5. Based on the address, we draw a radius of one quarter mile.





Healthy Building rental contracts are identified.

Disclaimer: we observe rental contracts as opposed to building level transactions for now.



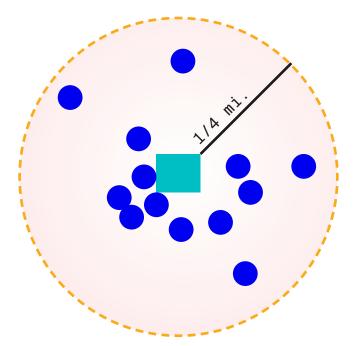
Based on the address, we draw a radius of one quarter mile.

Legend



Healthy Building Rent Contracts (Treatment Group)

Non-Healthy Building Rent Contracts (Control Group)



To investigate the impact of healthy buildings, we match each of these certified buildings to nearby commercial buildings in the same market. Using Compstak data we examine the effective rent characteristics of healthy and non-healthy spaces.

Sample statistics

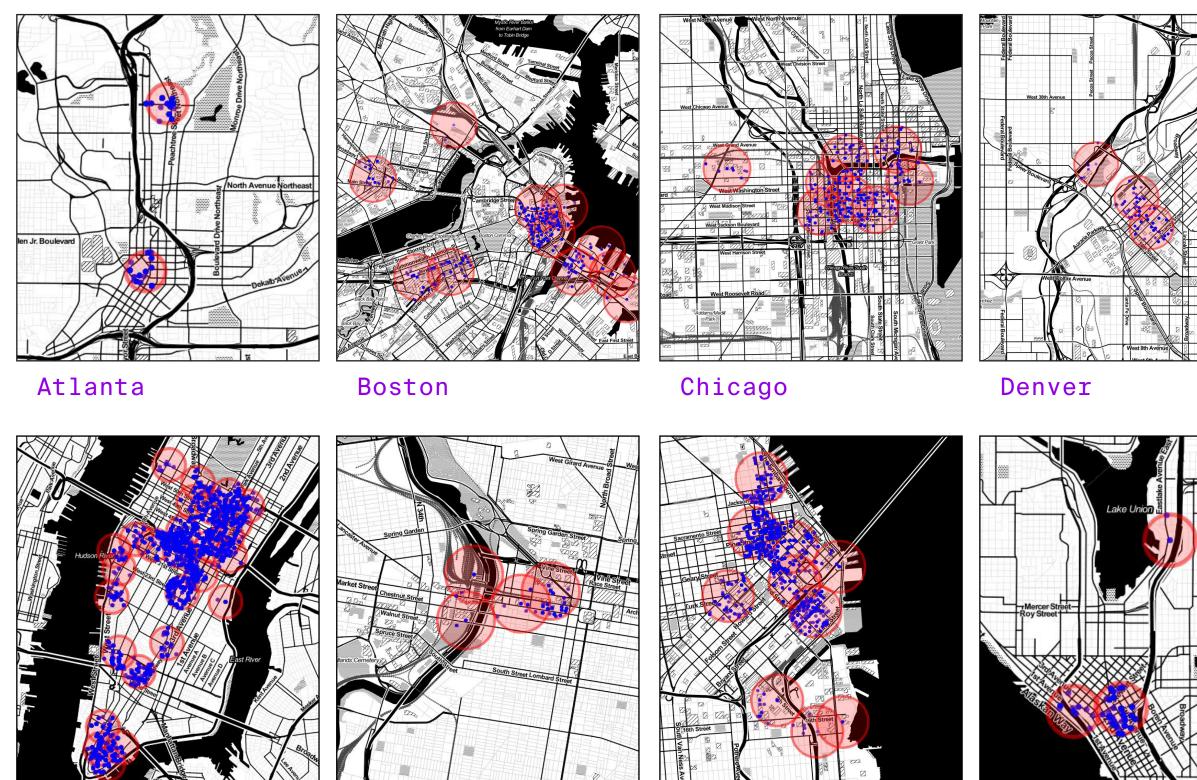
A sample of 2,322 certified healthy effective rent leases and 13,533 noncertified matched leases over the 2016 to 2020 (6) period.

Descriptive Statistics	(a) Healthy Building Descriptives			(b)	(b) Control Descriptives					
Statistic	N	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Max	N	Me	ean St. De	v. Min)	Max
Fitwel	2,322	0.6	0.5	0	1	13,1	48 0	0.0	0	0
Well	2,322	0.4	0.5	0	1	13,1	48 0	0.0	0	0
Effective Rent (per Year)	2,322	56.4	29.4	1.2	246.6	13,1	48 53	.5 23.7	1.2	448.8
Logged Effective Rent	2,322	3.9	0.6	0.2	5.5	13,1	48 3.	9 0.5	0.2	6.1
Transaction Squarefoot	2,322	24,744.6	56,922.6	227	1,463,234	13,1	48 16,0	33.3 41,389	.8 60	1,122,702
Year Built	2,322	1,967.9	28.2	1,895	2,019	13,1	48 1,95	57.7 33.0	1,765	2,020
Builidng Age	2,322	50.0	28.1	-2	124	13,1	48 60	.1 32.9	-3	254
Year Renovated	2,322	1,527.1	856.1	0	2,019	13,1	48 1,28	30.3 961.6	5 0	2,019
Renovated Building (Yes=1)	2,322	0.8	0.4	0	1	13,1	48 0	.6 0.5	0	1
Commencement Year	2,322	2,017.8	1.2	2,016	2,020	13,1	48 2,02	7.8 1.1	2,016	2,020
Building Class A (Yes=1)	2,322	0.9	0.3	0	1	13,1	48 0	6 0.5	0	1
Building Class B (Yes=1)	2,322	0.1	0.3	0	1	13,1	48 0	.3 0.5	0	1
Building Class C (Yes=1)	2,322	0.001	0.03	0	1	13,1	48 0.	0.2	0	1
Tenant Broker (Yes=1)	2,322	0.3	0.4	0	1	13,1	48 0	2 0.4	0	1
Landlord Broker (Yes=1)	2,322	0.3	0.5	0	1	13,1	48 0	2 0.4	0	1
Lease Term (in months)	2,322	88.3	50.2	0	368	13,1	48 75	.3 45.2	0	396
Free Rent (in months)	2,322	4.5	4.7	0	36	13,1	48 3	.6 4.3	0	50
Work Type: As Is (Yes=1)	2,322	0.1	0.3	0	1	13,1	48 0	1 0.3	0	1
Work Type: Tenant Improv (Yes=1)	2,322	0.7	0.5	0	1	13,1	48 0	6 0.5	0	1
Work Type: Built to Suit (Yes=1)	2,322	0.002	0.04	0	1	13,1	48 0.0	0.04	0	1
Work Type: Paint and Carpet (Yes=1)	2,322	0.003	0.1	0	1	13,1	48 0.0	0.1	0	1
Work Type: Pre Built (Yes=1)	2,322	0.03	0.2	0	1	13,1	48 0.	0.1	0	1
Work Type: Turn Key (Yes=1)	2,322	0.02	0.1	0	1	13,1	48 0.	0.2	0	1
Work Type: Other (Yes=1)	2,322	0.0	0.0	0	0	13,1	48 0.0	0.02	0	1
Work Type: Spec Suit (Yes=1)	2,322	0.01	0.1	0	1	13,1	48 0.	0.1	0	1
Work Type: Workletter (Yes=1)	2,322	0.0	0.0	0	0	13,1	48 0.0	0.02	0	1
Work Type: Not Specified (Yes=1)	2,322	0.0	0.0	0	0	13,1	48 0	0.0	0	0
Transaction Type: Expansion (Yes=1)) 2,322	0.1	0.3	0	1	13,1	48 0	.1 0.3	0	1
Transaction Type: New Lease (Yes=1) 2,322	0.5	0.5	0	1	13,1	48 0	.5 0.5	0	1
Transaction Type: Extension(Yes=1)	2,322	0.03	0.2	0	1	13,1	48 0.	0.2	0	1
Transaction Type: Renewal (Yes=1)	2,322	0.2	0.4	0	1	13,1	48 0	2 0.4	0	1
Transaction Type: NA (Yes=1)	2,322	0.0	0.0	0	0	13,1	48 0	0.0	0	0
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The Financial Impacts of Healthy Buildings

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Certified and Registered Healthy Contract Locations and nearby control contract locations.



New York

Philadelphia

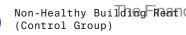
San Francisco

Seattle



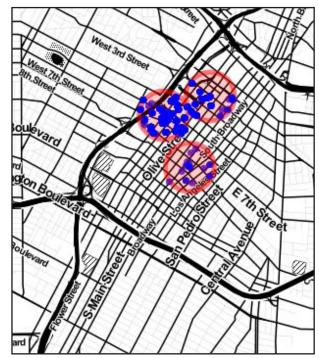


250 meter radius cluster

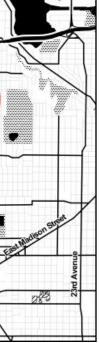


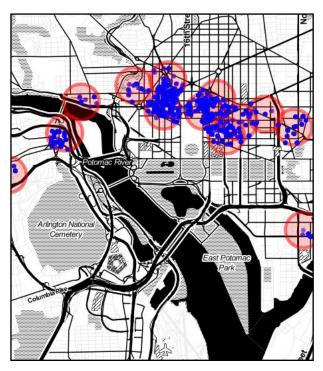
Non-Healthy BuildingFienticialปாதுகைcts of Healthy Buildings (Control Group)





Los Angeles





Washington DC

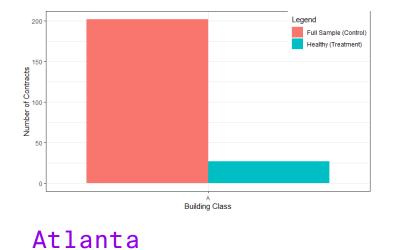
total number of healthy leases 2324

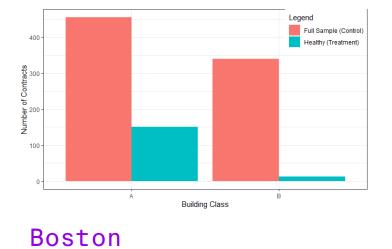
Healthy Lease Distribution New York is densest health certified environment in the US, followed by San

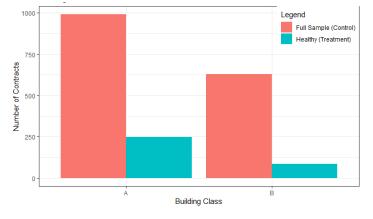
New York is densest health certified environment in Francisco and Washington DC

		# Of Healthy	# of Healthy Rental	# of Rental	Earliest Certification
	City	Projects	Contracts	Contracts Total	Date
1	Atlanta	23	35	218	9/1/2017
2	Boston	29	179	851	6/27/2017
3	Chicago	38	343	1662	10/11/2016
4	Denver	18	56	216	1/29/2018
5	Los Angeles	37	285	739	9/22/2016
6	New York	128	992	5718	11/8/2016
7	Philadelphia	14	37	78	11/1/2018
8	San Francisco	59	249	2163	11/8/2016
9	Seattle	20	43	109	12/21/2018
10	Washington DC	41	103	1395	6/9/2017
	Subtotal	407	2322	13149	
	Total		1547:	1	

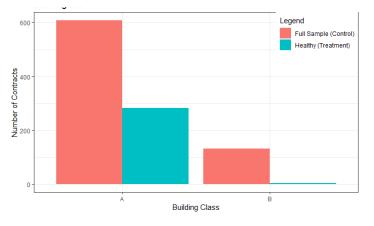
Sample by Building Class and City



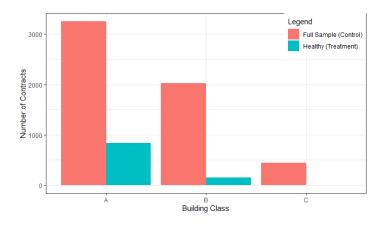




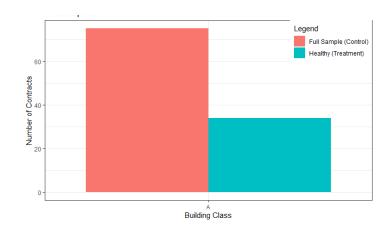
Chicago



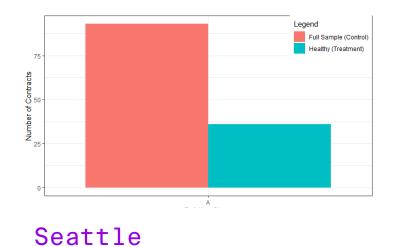
Los Angeles

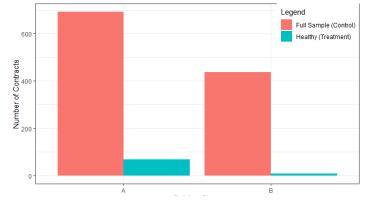


New York

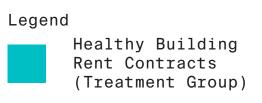


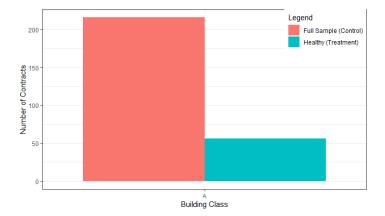
Philadelphia



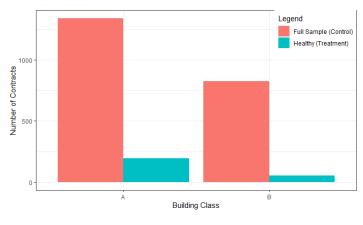


Washington DC









San Francisco

Non-Healthy Building Rent Contracts (Control Group)

Study Framework

Ouestion: What is the relative financial impact of certified healthy buildings as measured by effective rents in US markets?

Data Source and Observational Unit: CompStak (Private database) WELL (Publicly available data) FitwelP**U**blicly available data)

Data Time and Place: Effective Rent Contracts from 2016 in top ten markets **Outcome:** Effective Rent per square foot (logged for estimation)

Model Explains/Predicts: Explains

Method: Econometric Linear Regression

Features: Health Certification, Effective Rent (USD), Building Floors, Transaction Quarter, **Commencement Date, Transaction Square** footage, Year Built, Year Renovated, Building Class, Submarket, Execution Date Lease Term, Total Transaction Size Transaction Type, Free Rent, Work Value (USD)

Effective Rent Contracts Quantity:

Non-Health Certified: 13,533 Effective Rent Contracts (Control Group)

Health Certified: 2.324 Effective Rent Contracts (Treatment Group)

Explaining Effective Rents

We employ a regression framework to explain effective rents with a treatment variable.

> We estimated a semi-log linear regression model where we explain the effective rent per square foot for a given lease contract (i) as a cross-section, where (Z_i) , building features (T_i) , lease contract features (R_i) , time and location fixed effects (sub-market), is the healthy contract dummy, where the value is 1 if the lease was for a healthy certified space(S_i) (

 $logP_i = \alpha + \phi Z_i + \theta T_i + \delta R_i + \beta S_i + \mu L_i + \varepsilon$

The explanatory variable is the effective rent per square foot for a given contract. We observe individual lease contracts over the earliest certification date by market.



results of the hedonic model explain between 65 and 70 percent of the effective rent per square foot

Effective Rent for Certified Buildings

	Dependent Variable Effective Rent per Sqft					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Healthy Contract (Certified=1)	0.070***	0.069***	0.051***	0.044***		
	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.007)		
LEED (Yes=1)	0.028***	0.024***	-0.008	-0.003		
	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.006)		
<u>Building Classes (Base Case: Class C)</u>						
Building Class A (Yes=1)			0.196***	0.218***		
č			(0.017)	(0.016)		
Building Class B (Yes=1)			0.119***	0.132***		
			(0.015)	(0.015)		
Building Age			-0.001***	-0.001***		
5 5			(0.0001)	(0.0001)		
Renovated Building (Yes=1)			0.022***	0.026***		
······································			(0.006)	(0.005)		
Lease Term (in Months)			. ,	0.002***		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				(0.0001)		
Free Rent (in Months)				-0.010***		
				(0.001)		
Tenant Broker (Yes=1)				-0.002		
				(0.006)		
Landlord Broker (Yes=1)				0.021***		
				(0.006)		
Logged Transaction Squarefootage				-0.019***		
Logged Transaction Squarelootage				(0.002)		
Constant	3.776***	3.757***	3.597***	3.679***		
oonstant	(0.009)	(0.092)	(0.092)	(0.091)		
Observations R ²	15,470	15,470	15,470	15,470		
R² Adjusted R²	0.655 0.654	0.666 0.664	0.676 0.674	0.699 0.697		
	0.054 0.292 (df =	0.004 0.288 (df =	0.074 0.284 (df =	0.097 0.274 (df =		
Residual Std. Error	15401)	15383)	15379)	15360)		
	430.307*** (df	356.593*** (df =	355.816***	327.237*** (df		
FStatistic	= 68; 15401)	86; 15383)	(df = 90; 15379)	109; 15360)		
			10077			

Notable findings:

Healthy buildings effective • rents transact between 4.4 and 7% more per square foot than their nearest unhealthy neighbor peers. Lease duration, building age, • renovation and building class have the anticipated pricing effect.

• City rents relative to Boston make sense. LA, New York and San Franciso have higher effective rents per square foot.

The Financial Impacts of Healthy Buildings



healthy buildings point to value

Preliminary Results

What we have found so far



Healthy Buildings are gaining traction fast. Relative to green building certification at the same time, there 2x as many contracts according to internal data in the REI Lab.



The Covid-19 pandemic makes this outcome relevant for investors, the financial performance of healthy buildings that pays particular attention to the health and well being of occupants is critical to our return to a "new normal" in the office environment where tenants and landlords will now discuss air quality as a important feature in their leases



These preliminary financial results point to similar outcomes to green building rental outcomes. Kok et al., (2010) found effective rents were 2.8% more per square foot. We are finding a comparable 4.4% more per square foot for the top ten US markets.



Future work, we will seek out transaction data with RCA to estimate any transaction outcomes for the 407 healthy certified projects.